

Comments on Chiu, Dong and Shao "On the Welfare Effects of Credit Arrangements"

Charles M. Kahn 2011 Bank of Canada Annual Conference Ottawa, November 17, 2011

Purpose

- Model Competition between cash and credit for payment with microfoundations
- Consider welfare implications of introducing credit.

Interpretation of credit system

- Credit cards
- Bank provision of inside money

Main Criticism

- Welfare comparisons based on holding steady state monetary policy constant are problematic (general limitation of literature)
- To see this, consider comparison in terms of effects today, holding <u>future</u> monetary policy fixed (i.e. fixed value of money on the terminal date of the analysis)

 Note this is natural in the case of a dynamic programming structure: the value of money is simply the continuation value from the optimization of the subsequent period. (Would also hold for commodity money).

Intuition

Introducing banks effectively reduces demand for outside money, (holding the terminal value of outside money fixed).

This permits a reduction in the initial price of outside money, increasing the amount of real money balances.

In turn this reduces the constraints on unbanked in the economy, increasing welfare.

Intuition

- It also incidentally <u>increases</u> current period inflation—but that's because holding terminal prices fixed, it <u>reduces</u> initial prices.
- Imposing a steady state assumption about inflation in effect forces the real money supply back down, possibly reducing welfare.

Related paper

 Kahn "Private Payment Systems, Collateral, and Interest Rates" Annals of Finance, forthcoming. (Earlier version, entitled "Offshore Settlement, Collateral and Interest Rates" June 2008, the Bank of Canada workshop "Payments Economics: Theory and Policy")



Comparison

- Both build on Lagos Wright et seq. to consider competition between different payments arrangements.
- CDS extend to consider limitations on participation among some agents.
- Kahn extends to consider tradeoffs between costs of collateral in each system

Summary

- Well executed paper, useful model of competing payments systems, shows importance of incomplete penetration of payments technologies on economic outcomes
- Counter-intuitive welfare results may say more about state of our models of fiat money than about the relation between outside money and credit based payment.



BUSINESS at ILLINOIS