Short-range Forecasting Tools at the Riksbank

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Ambition of the Talk

- To describe the forecast procedure at the Riksbank
- To explain the role of the Riksbank's models
- To explain briefly the used models



Agenda

- BRASSE an automatic short-range forecast package
- 2 The Reverse PAC
- 3 Meetings
- **4** Demonstrations



BRASSE

A Broad Regression Assessment System for the Swedish Economy

- An automatic execution of a large number of specifications.
- Large data set.
- Two serial lengths allowed
- One target variable (common for all models)
- Conditional forecasts and control for (possibly) desired steady state



BRASSE Elements of BRASSE

- Bivariate classic VARs all series at the short length
- Multivariate classic VARs 50 "best indicators" at long length
- Bivariate Bayesian VARs all series at the short length
- Multivariate Bayesian VARs 20 "best indicators" at long length
- VARs with Factors short and long serial length
- Forward looking information models





BRASSE Modelling according to BRASSE

VARs and BVARs

- Estimate all combinations of models containing the target variable
- Rank the models based on RMSE (classic) or posterior probabilities (Bayesian)
- Compute mean of all models, a.k.a. combine the forecasts
 - Equal weigths or RMSE-based weights for classic VARs
 - Combine using posterior model probabilties (BVARs)





BRASSE Modelling according to BRASSE

- Static Factor Models
 - Compute static factors principal component analysis
 - Estimate VARs with target + 1 factor and average
 - Select factors in the VAR with BIC
- Forward looking information models
 - Use all series known prior to the target variable
 - Simple single-equation specifications
 - Average over all models, "best" model, factor model





BRASSE - Demonstration

- A minimal version of BRASSE only Bivariate VARs
- BRASSE in forecast mode
- 2 BRASSE in RMSE mode



Building blocks of the Riksbank's forecasts

- Indicator Forecast: $Y^I = g(Y, I)$
- Model Forecast: $Y^M = h(Y, X)$
- Judgements: J
- Final Forecast: $Y^P = f(Y^I, Y^M, J)$



How should indicator information update the final forecast?

- The function f(.) is very complex
- How do new observations on Indicator relate to Final Forecast?



Suggested treatment of indicator information

Suggestion:

- Use historical dependence between *Y* and *I*:
- Expectation about I_{t+1} given Y_{t+1}^P
- $I^{Y} = g^{-1}(Y, I)$



The "reverse" specification.

$$I_{t} = \alpha_{0} + \alpha_{1}I_{t-1} + \alpha_{2}Y_{t-1} + \beta Y_{t} + a_{t}$$

Prior distribution

$$\alpha_0, \alpha_1, \alpha_2 \sim \textit{Uniform}$$
, non-informative $\beta > 0, \beta < 0$ or non-informative

■ Compare $\hat{I}_{t+1} | Y_{t+1}$ with I_{t+1} under consideration of $sign(\beta)$



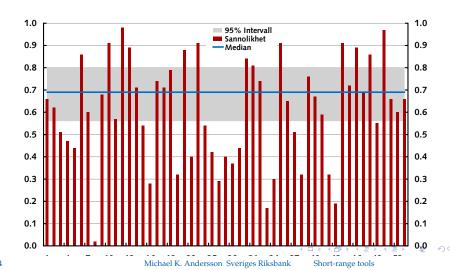


Reverse Pac - a reverse application of indicators A true story

- GDP forecast
- Inflation Report 2005:3 & Inflation Report 2005:4:
 - Same National Accounts Release
 - New Business Tendency Survey



Reverse Pac - a reverse application of indicators Graphical demonstration.





Reverse Pac - a reverse application of indicators Conclusions

IR 2005:3

IR 2005:4

0.76 | 0.88 |

Outcome



The meetings and usage of the tools

1 Finacial and International Developments

- Consensus Forecast and Bayesian VAR models, BRASSE & Reverse Pac + Judgments
- 2 Conjunctural assessment next (one or two) quarters ahead.
 - BRASSE, BVAR, Reverse Pac, DSGE + Judgments
- 3 Views on the macroeconomic development
 - Conditional forecasts from BVAR and DSGE + Judgements
 - Conditions are short-term according to 2 + international forecasts for the full horizon





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- 4. Department presentaion of the macro forecast
- 5. Discussion on possible alternative scenarios
 - Simulations (mainly) by the DSGE model
- 6. Disaggregation of the macro forecast
 - (Conditioned) Bayesian VAR:s + Judgments
- 7. Presentation to the Board





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Revisions of the Riksbanks short-term forecast

Impact and performance of different procedures one step ahead

	Actual Revision in line with	Proportion correct revision tendencies
Reverse Pac	64%	45%
BVAR	9%	55%
BRASSE	45%	45%
DSGE	27%	9%
Majority	45%	27%
AR(1)	18%	36%
Riksbank	(100%)	36%





CPI Short-range Competition

RMSE one month ahead

Lead	Judgem.	CM-diff	CM-index
1	0.173	0.201	0.180
	BVAR	ARIMA	Average
1	0.198	0.226	0.172